WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2017 REGULAR SESSION

ENROLLED

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Committee Substitute

for

House Bill 2303

BY DELEGATES PHILLIPS, WESTFALL, FOLK, SOBONYA,

tB 2303

OVERINGTON, PAYNTER, ELDRIDGE AND R. MILLER

[Passed April 8, 2017; in effect ninety days from passage.]

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1 AN ACT to amend and reenact §22-15A-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, 2 relating to the criminal offense of littering, clarifying that no person may place, deposit, 3 dump, throw or cause to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any litter on the private 4 property of another, increasing criminal penalties for littering in an amount not exceeding one hundred pounds in weight or twenty-seven cubic feet in size, increasing criminal 5 6 penalties for littering in an amount greater than one hundred pounds in weight or twenty-7 seven cubic feet in size, but less than five hundred pounds in weight or two hundred 8 sixteen cubic feet in size, modifying the penalties for littering greater than five hundred 9 pounds in weight or two hundred sixteen cubic feet in size or any amount which had been 10 collected for commercial purposes, increasing penalties for second or subsequent 11 violations for littering in an amount not exceeding one hundred pounds in weight or twenty-12 seven cubic feet in size, increasing penalties for second or subsequent violations for 13 littering in an amount greater than one hundred pounds in weight or twenty-seven cubic 14 feet in size, but less than five hundred pounds in weight or two hundred sixteen cubic feet 15 in size and increasing civil penalties for littering, requiring magistrates or municipal court 16 judges to consult with prosecuting attorneys before dismissing charges. 100

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §22-15A-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and
 reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15A. THE A. JAMES MANCHIN REHABILITATION ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION PLAN.

§22-15A-4. Unlawful disposal of litter; civil and criminal penalty; litter control fund; evidence; notice violations; litter receptacle placement; penalty; duty to enforce violations.

(a) (1) No person may place, deposit, dump, throw or cause to be placed, deposited,
dumped or thrown any litter as defined in section two of this article, in or upon any public or private
highway, road, street or alley; any private property; any public property; or the waters of the state
or within one hundred feet of the waters of this state, except in a proper litter or other solid waste
receptacle.

(2) It is unlawful for any person to place, deposit, dump, throw or cause to be placed,
deposited, dumped or thrown any litter from a motor vehicle or other conveyance or to perform
any act which constitutes a violation of the motor vehicle laws contained in section fourteen, article
fourteen, chapter seventeen-c of this code.

(3) If any litter is placed, deposited, dumped, discharged, thrown or caused to be placed,
deposited, dumped or thrown from a motor vehicle, boat, airplane or other conveyance, it is prima
facie evidence that the owner or the operator of the motor vehicle, boat, airplane or other
conveyance intended to violate the provisions of this section.

(4) Any person who violates the provisions of this section by placing, depositing, dumping
or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any litter on his or her private
property in an amount not exceeding fifty pounds in weight is not subject to the criminal provisions
of this section.

18 (5) Any person who violates the provisions of this section by placing, depositing, dumping 19 or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any litter, not collected for 20 commercial purposes, in an amount not exceeding one hundred pounds in weight or twenty-seven 21 cubic feet in size, is guilty of a misdemeanor. Upon conviction, he or she is subject to a fine of not 22 less than \$100 nor more than \$2,500, or in the discretion of the court, sentenced to perform 23 community service by cleaning up litter from any public highway, road, street, alley or any other 24 public park or public property, or waters of the state, as designated by the court, for not less than 25 eight nor more than one hundred hours, or both. If any person is convicted of the misdemeanor 26 by placing, depositing, dumping or throwing litter in the waters of the state, that person shall be

fined \$500 to no more than \$3,000, or in the discretion of the court sentenced to perform community service by cleaning up litter from any waters of the state, as designated by the court, for not less than twenty to no more than one hundred twenty hours, or both.

30 (6) Any person who violates the provisions of this section by placing, depositing, dumping 31 or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any litter, not collected for 32 commercial purposes, in an amount greater than one hundred pounds in weight or twenty-seven 33 cubic feet in size, but less than five hundred pounds in weight or two hundred sixteen cubic feet 34 in size is guilty of a misdemeanor. Upon conviction he or she is subject to a fine of not less than 35 \$2,500 nor more than \$5,000, or in the discretion of the court, may be sentenced to perform 36 community service by cleaning up litter from any public highway, road, street, alley or any other 37 public park or public property, or waters of the state, as designated by the court, for not less than 38 sixteen nor more than two hundred hours, or both. If any person is convicted of the misdemeanor 39 by placing, depositing, dumping or throwing litter in the waters of the state, that person shall be 40 fined \$3,000 to no more than \$5,500, or in the discretion of the court sentenced to perform 41 community service by cleaning up litter from any waters of the state, as designated by the court, 42 for not less than twenty to no more than two hundred twenty hours, or both.

43 (7) Any person who violates the provisions of this section by placing, depositing, dumping 44 or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any litter in an amount greater 45 than five hundred pounds in weight or two hundred sixteen cubic feet in size or any amount which 46 had been collected for commercial purposes is guilty of a misdemeanor. Upon conviction, the 47 person shall be fined not less than \$2,500 or not more than \$25,000 or confinement in jail for not 48 more than one year or both. If any person is convicted of the misdemeanor by placing, depositing, 49 dumping or throwing litter in the waters of the state, that person shall be fined \$3,000 to no more 50 than \$11,000, or confinement in jail for not more than one year or both. In addition, the violator 51 may be guilty of creating or contributing to an open dump as defined in section two, article fifteen,

chapter twenty-two of this code and subject to the enforcement provisions of section fifteen of thatarticle.

(8) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this section is subject to
double the authorized range of fines and community service for the subsection violated.

(9) The sentence of litter clean up shall be verified by environmental inspectors from the Department of Environmental Protection. Any defendant receiving the sentence of litter clean up shall provide, within a time to be set by the court, written acknowledgment from an environmental inspector that the sentence has been completed and the litter has been disposed of lawfully.

(10) Any person who has been found by the court to have willfully failed to comply with
the terms of a litter clean up sentence imposed by the court pursuant to this section is subject to,
at the discretion of the court, double the amount of the original fines and community service
penalties originally ordered by the court.

64 (11) All law-enforcement agencies, officers and environmental inspectors shall enforce
 65 compliance with this section within the limits of each agency's statutory authority.

66 (12) No magistrate or municipal court judge may dismiss an action brought under the
67 provisions of this section without notification to the prosecuting attorney of that county of his or
68 her intention to do so and affording the prosecuting attorney an opportunity to be heard.

69 (13) No portion of this section restricts an owner, renter or lessee in the lawful use of his 70 or her own private property or rented or leased property or to prohibit the disposal of any industrial 71 and other wastes into waters of this state in a manner consistent with the provisions of article 72 eleven, chapter twenty-two of this code. But if any owner, renter or lessee, private or otherwise, 73 knowingly permits any of these materials or substances to be placed, deposited, dumped or 74 thrown in a location that high water or normal drainage conditions will cause these materials or 75 substances to wash into any waters of the state, it is prima facie evidence that the owner, renter 76 or lessee intended to violate the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That if a landowner, renter 77 or lessee, private or otherwise, reports any placing, depositing, dumping or throwing of these

substances or materials upon his or her property to the prosecuting attorney, county commission,
the Division of Natural Resources or the Department of Environmental Protection, the landowner,
renter or lessee will be presumed to not have knowingly permitted the placing, depositing,
dumping or throwing of the materials or substances.

(b) Any indication of ownership found in litter is prima facie evidence that the person identified violated the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That no inference may be drawn solely from the presence of any logo, trademark, trade name or other similar mass reproduced things of identifying character appearing on the found litter.

(c) Every person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to disposing of litter in violation of
subsection (a) of this section shall pay a civil penalty of \$2,000 as costs for clean-up, investigation
and prosecution of the case, in addition to any other court costs that the court is otherwise required
by law to impose upon a convicted person.

90 The clerk of the circuit court, magistrate court or municipal court in which these additional 91 costs are imposed shall, on or before the last day of each month, transmit fifty percent of a civil 92 penalty received pursuant to this section to the State Treasurer for deposit in the State Treasury 93 to the credit of a special revenue fund known as the Litter Control Fund which was transferred to 94 the Department of Environmental Protection. Expenditures for purposes set forth in this section 95 are not authorized from collections but are to be made only in accordance with appropriation and 96 in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and upon fulfillment 97 of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of this code. Amounts collected which are 98 found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for the purposes set forth in this article may 99 be transferred to other accounts or funds and designated for other purposes by appropriation of 100 the Legislature.

(d) The remaining fifty percent of each civil penalty collected pursuant to this section shall
 be transmitted to the county or regional solid waste authority in the county where the litter violation
 occurred. Moneys shall be expended by the county or regional solid waste authority for the

104 purpose of litter prevention, clean up and enforcement. The county commission shall cooperate 105 with the county or regional solid waste authority serving the respective county to develop a 106 coordinated litter control program pursuant to section eight, article four, chapter twenty-two-c of 107 this code.

(e) The Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles, upon registering a motor vehicle
or issuing an operator's or chauffeur's license, shall issue to the owner or licensee, as the case
may be, a summary of this section and section fourteen, article fourteen, chapter seventeen-c of
the code.

(f) The Commissioner of the Division of Highways shall cause appropriate signs to be placed at the state boundary on each primary and secondary road, and at other locations throughout the state, informing those entering the state of the maximum penalty provided for disposing of litter in violation of subsection (a) of this section.

116 (q) Any state agency or political subdivision that owns, operates or otherwise controls any public area designated by the secretary by rule promulgated pursuant to subdivision (8). 117 118 subsection (a), section three of this article shall procure and place litter receptacles at its own 119 expense upon its premises and shall remove and dispose of litter collected in the litter receptacles. After receiving two written warnings from any law-enforcement officer or officers to comply with 120 this subsection or the rules of the secretary, any state agency or political subdivision that fails to 121 122 place and maintain the litter receptacles upon its premises in violation of this subsection or the 123 rules of the secretary shall be fined \$30 per day of the violation.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

1 1000

Chairman, House Committee

..... Senate Committee

Originating in the House.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Clerk of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

APR 24 P # 2

President of the Senate

The within *in approved* day of 2 this the 2017. Governor

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

APR 2 0 2017

Time _____ 3:49 pm